

Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

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Result area 1 - Better information and greater freedom of choice for young people Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

RESULTS
Mawe tatu project and Living peace project contributed to the realisation of this result area. The living peace organises group therapy sessions for violent men from the Police and the army in order to end violent behaviors and adopt norms and values that support gender equality. The Mawe tatu project focuses on schooling and non schooling youth and women by organising meetings where sexuality can be freely discussed. Both projects were able to

INDICATORS	Baseline	Target	Result	Source
ST_# of young people reached with comprehensive, correct information on sexuality, HIV/AIDS, STIs,	0	66363	76638	29086; 27961
SP_Number of people with improved understanding of gender dynamics and gender roles	0	80940	88852	27961; 28704; 29086

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 1

Assess achieved results compared to planning:	A. Results achieved better than planned
Reasons for result achieved.	This realization was possible following the introduction of the national life skills education program in target schools in North and South Kivu and the out-of-school youth discussion groups/clubs, that served as learning and experience-sharing frameworks on sexual and reproductive health and gender. There was also good collaboration with community structures, especially churches and youth's committees. Good collaboration with community structures, especially churches and youth's committees. Also: strength of the partnerships with CSO's, military and police; strong relationship between participants and local facilitator.
Implications for planning.	Both projects will continue to work with young boys to promote positive masculinities and gender equality. The Living Peace project will be extended to another province (Ituri)

Result area 2 - Better public and private health care for family planning, Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

RESULTS
Providing holistic care to victims of SGBV is one of the most important goals of UNFPA through the Commodities-Chain-Care project. They were able to provide holistic services (FP, medical, psychosocial, socioeconomic reintegration) to more persons than targeted.

INDICATORS	Baseline	Target	Result	Source
SP_Number of SGBV survivors that have received integrated medical and psychosocial care in supported	1567	2453	5318	29086
SP_Number of survivors who received holistic care from the established 'one stop' centers	27	200	381	29086

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 2

Assess achieved results compared to planning:	A. Results achieved better than planned
Reasons for result achieved.	Easy and timely access to integrated multi-sectoral services was ensured, confidentiality enhanced and stigma minimized. The collaboration with the ministry of health at the provincial level explains the high results.
Implications for planning.	UNFPA 3C ended in Sept 2019 and the team is currently focusing on developing another project with the same objectives

Result area 3 - Improved access to contraceptives and medicines Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

RESULTS
The 3 C (Commodities-Chain-Care) project contributes to this result area. The sustainability of project achievements by the government party and civil society remains a challenge. This involves ownership, accountability and coordination of project activities, and by securing a budget line for the purchase of reproductive health commodities and support in mobilizing additional financial resources from the private sector.

INDICATORS	Baseline	Target	Result	Source
SP_Number of health facilities which receive and know how to use relevant SRH commodities	40	166	157	29086

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 3

Assess achieved results compared to planning:	B. Results achieved as planned.
Reasons for result achieved.	Provisions of FP commodities under 3C Project were made in accordance with the needs expressed by both HZs and HF to avoid over-stocking, out-of-stock and expiry of products. Initiatives have been developed to redeploy excess stock from one health facility and health zone to another, in order to prevent expired goods and out of stock situations.
Implications for planning.	In order to ensure continuity of services and follow-up, some activities were transferred to the Central Offices of the Health zones. Operational Distribution Committees by Axis (DCAs) continuously delivered commodities to all HF/Service delivery points (SDPs). No further implications - UNFPA 3C ended in Sept 2019.

Result area 4 - More respect for the sexual and reproductive rights of groups who Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights

RESULTS
The VSLA approach in Mawe Tatu has proved to be successful, however, there is room for improvement. In the second phase of Mawe Tatu, the aim is to involve women and youth more in the VSLA process. For both CARE and LPI,

INDICATORS	Baseline	Target	Result	Source
SP_Number of men targeted by positive masculinity to fight against sexual violence	0	2670	5426	27961; 28704; 29086
SP_Number of women who are economically empowered through saving and loan associations	0	0	4351	27961

Assessment of the results achieved across the entire result area 4

Assess achieved results compared to planning:	A. Results achieved better than planned
Reasons for result achieved.	Positive masculinity: the alternative strategies put in place (increase in the number of facilitators, capacity strengthening by Living Peace Institute, replacement of some facilitators, introduction of the approach in churches, especially the Catholic Church in North Kivu, who decided to use the approach for the training of young engaged couples etc.) facilitated the acceptance of the approach and resulted in reaching more people than initially planned. CARE: The direct involvement of local authorities and religious leaders in the implementation of project activities (VSLA's) and the door-to-door awareness strategy used in villages facilitated the approach to be embraced by community members.
Implications for planning.	Positive masculinity: CARE will still work to promote positive masculinity and will also involve women to be more engaged in transforming social norms. The Mawe Tatu II Consortium will continue to use VSLAs as an entry point, while focusing more on the entrepreneurship of women and youth. LPI: Exploring a more holistic approach to the delivery of the LP project by including income-generating/microfinance and/or family planning content. UNFPA 3C ended in Sept 2019.

* Find more information on the projects on [Openaid.nl](https://www.openaid.nl) with the activity numbers listed under 'Source'